

✓ Entr'acte
from *Carmen*
(Prelude to Act III)

GEORGES BIZET
(1838-1875)

Andantino quasi Allegretto. (♩ = 88.)

Arpa Solo *pp*

A

The musical score is written for a harp solo. It begins with a tempo marking of 'Andantino quasi Allegretto' and a metronome marking of quarter note = 88. The key signature is G-flat major (two flats). The first staff includes the tempo and performance instructions 'Arpa Solo' and 'pp'. The music features a melodic line with triplets and a complex arpeggiated accompaniment. A section marked 'A' begins in the third staff. The score concludes with a final chord on the fifth staff.

W. A. MOZART - CZARODZIEYSKI FLET - ANDANTE

Andante.
Solo.

Musical score for Flute 1, measures 1-8. The score is written on five staves in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The tempo is marked 'Andante.' and the performance instruction is 'Solo.'. The music features a variety of rhythmic patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1, 3, 7, and 8 above the notes.

FLAUTO I.

5

Musical score for Flute 1, measures 9-12. The score is written on two staves in treble clef. The tempo markings are 'Presto.' (measure 9), 'Adagio.' (measure 10), and 'Presto.' (measure 11). The performance instruction 'Tam.' is present at the beginning of measure 9. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1, 4, and 9 above the notes.

W.A. Mozart - CZARODZIEJSKI FLET - MARSCH
FLAUTO 1.

Allegretto. 14 Tam. 11 15 16

p *f* *f* *f* *f* *f* *p*

Andante 22 8 7

sf 14 8

mf *p* *mf* *p*

MARSCH.
Adagio.
Solo

Solo

Allegro. 22 8

✓ Peter and the Wolf

Symphonic Tale for Children

SERGEI PROKOFIEV, Op. 67
(1891-1953)

These solos are wonderfully descriptive. Play them with great character and personality, as the flute represents Prokofiev's image of a bird. The technical challenges can best be overcome if you don't play in a forced, hard, hysterical style. Try to think of the brilliance coming from light, firm technique and controlled bravura.

Andantino $\text{♩} = 92$ 4

EXCERPT 1

Allegro $\text{♩} = 176$

narrator

8va

mf

3

8va

mf

3

8va

3

cresc.

f

poco

4

And^{1^{mo}}, 3 come prima

Errata:

- In the second bar of 8, on beat 2, the fifth 32nd note is E \flat not F.
- In the eighth bar of 8, delete the staccato dot from the final E \flat .
- In the final measure of Excerpt 2, on beat 2, the second 32nd note is F \sharp , and the sixth 32nd note is F \flat not F \sharp .

EXCERPT 2

Andantino $\text{♩} = 92$

EXCERPT 3

Poco più mosso $\text{♩} = 112$

√ Carnival of the Animals

10. Volière

CAMILLE SAINT-SAËNS
(1835-1921)

Carnival of the Animals is subtitled "Grand Zoological Fantasy" and is known to all flute players because of the virtuosity of the famous solo, Volière (The Aviary). To help achieve an effortless quality in your performance, play with a legato double-tonguing that is well supported by a musical line. Try to avoid a hard staccato articulation and a metronomic stiffness in favor of a feeling of lightness and flair.

Errata:

- In the 4th bar of 2, on the third beat, the score does include the B \flat missing from this chromatic scale.
- In the 1st bar of 3, the short slur is not in the score.
- In the 5th bar of 4, the score has a slur, in addition to the dots, over the whole bar.

Moderato grazioso

Quatuor
Basses

The musical score is written for a flute quartet (Quatuor Basses) in 2/4 time. It begins with the tempo marking 'Moderato grazioso'. The score is divided into three systems of four measures each. The first system (measures 1-4) features a chromatic scale in the right hand and a rhythmic accompaniment in the left hand. The second system (measures 5-8) continues the chromatic scale and accompaniment. The third system (measures 9-12) concludes the piece with a final chromatic scale and accompaniment. The score includes various articulations such as slurs, accents, and dynamic markings like 'p'. Measure numbers 1, 2, and 3 are indicated in boxes above the staves.

This musical score consists of four staves of music. The first staff features a melodic line with many slurs and accents. The second staff contains a similar melodic line with a boxed number '4' in the middle. The third staff has a melodic line with several accents (^) and slurs. The fourth staff features a complex texture with many slurs and accents, ending with the dynamic marking *ppp*. The music is written in a key with one flat and a 4/4 time signature.

✓ Petrouchka

1947 Revised Edition

IGOR STRAVINSKY
(1882-1971)

Petrouchka is one of the most colorful ballets ever written. The beginning should be very purposeful, with strong, hard tonguing, a steely sound, and impeccable rhythm.

Errata:

- In the 4th measure of 1, the second beat should have the rhythm eighth-sixteenth, identical to the first beat of the ballet.
- In the 5th measure of 1, the first B needs a natural sign.
- In the 1st measure of 5 and the 3rd measure of 6, the last two eighth notes should have a slur above the staccato dots.

EXCERPT 1

Vivace, ♩ = 138
Solo

f ben marc.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7

8 9 10 11 12 13 14

15 16 17 18 19 20 21

22 23 24 25 26 27 28

29 30 31 32 33 34 35

36 37 38 39 40 41 42

43 44 45 46 47 48 49

ff

cres - cen - do

F. MENDELSSOHN - BARTHOLDY
"SEN NOCY LETNIEJ - SCHERZO"

256 VI. I
266
274 4 9 VI. I
296
307
318 *f* 4 *p*
331 5 *sempre staccato*
343
350
356
363 *cresc.* *dim.*
370
376 2 *pp*

The image shows a page of a musical score for Violin I, measures 256 to 376. The score is written in a single system with ten staves. The key signature has one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 3/4. The music features various rhythmic patterns, including sixteenth and thirty-second notes, and rests. Performance markings include dynamics such as *p*, *f*, and *pp*, and articulation like *sempre staccato*. There are also fingerings indicated by numbers 4, 5, and 9. A handwritten signature 'TURN' is visible in the bottom right corner.

TURN

Gioacchino Rossini
La Gazza Ladra Overture

Picc.
Große Flöte.

Musical staff 212-215. Treble clef, key signature of one sharp (F#). Measure 212 starts with a dynamic marking of *p legg.* and a tempo marking of *2*. The staff contains a series of eighth notes with slurs and accents, including a triplet of eighth notes. A large black scribble is present at the beginning of the staff, with an arrow pointing to the right.

Musical staff 216-222. Treble clef, key signature of one sharp (F#). Measure 216 starts with a dynamic marking of *p*. The staff contains a series of eighth notes with slurs and accents, including a triplet of eighth notes. A dynamic marking of *poco cresc.* is present. A fermata is placed over the final measure, which is numbered 22. A large black scribble is present at the end of the staff.

Musical staff 369-376. Treble clef, key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). Measure 369 starts with a dynamic marking of *p*. The staff contains a series of eighth notes with slurs and accents, including a triplet of eighth notes. A dynamic marking of *cresc.* is present. A large black scribble is present at the end of the staff.

Musical staff 377-384. Treble clef, key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). Measure 377 starts with a dynamic marking of *p*. The staff contains a series of eighth notes with slurs and accents, including a triplet of eighth notes. A dynamic marking of *cresc.* is present. A fermata is placed over the final measure, which is numbered 30. A large black scribble is present at the end of the staff.

N. 2 Cavatina Figaro

Allegro vivace

Ottavino

ff *tr* *tr* *tr* **3**

f (vuota) *ff* *tr* *tr* *tr*

2 *p* *f* (vuota) **31** **3** **5** **2**
(Cl. I, Fg. I, (Figaro) (Fl.)
Cor., Trb., Vle)

(Cb. pizz.) *pp*

cresc.

ff

5 (Fl., Cl. I)

5 **32** **2** **2**
f (vuota) *p* *f* (Cl. I) (Fl.)

2 di quali - tà, di quali - tà! **3**
(Vni I) (Fg. I) (Fl., Fg. I)

Flauto II anche Flauto Piccolo

SET 02

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LA TRAVIATA

p Szewczyk

G. VERDI

Nr 1

Preludio

AKT I

Nr 2

Introduzione

Scena 1^a

Allegro brillantissimo e molto vivace

Musical score for Flute II and Piccolo. The top staff is labeled 'Picc.' and contains a melodic line starting with a circled 'f' dynamic marking. The bottom staff contains a chordal accompaniment. The key signature is two sharps (F# and C#) and the time signature is common time (C). There are handwritten annotations: a circled 'f' on the Piccolo staff and a circled 'S.V.' below the bottom staff.

1

cresc

2

20

Fl

3

3

f

crescendo

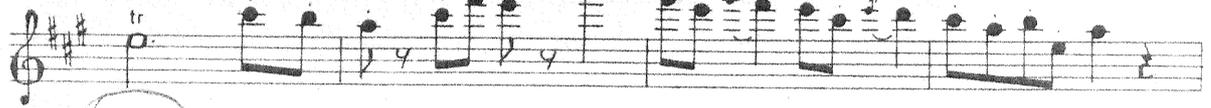
Scena II

f

31

Fl II

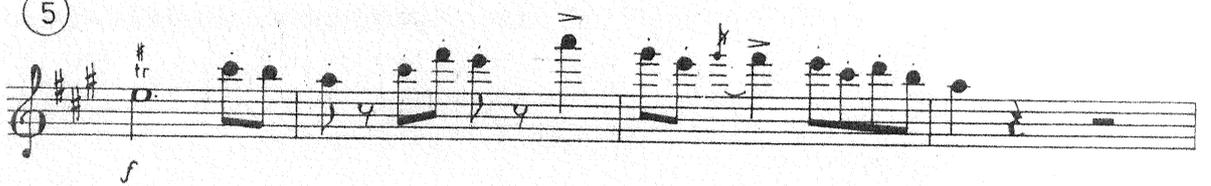
4 FLET



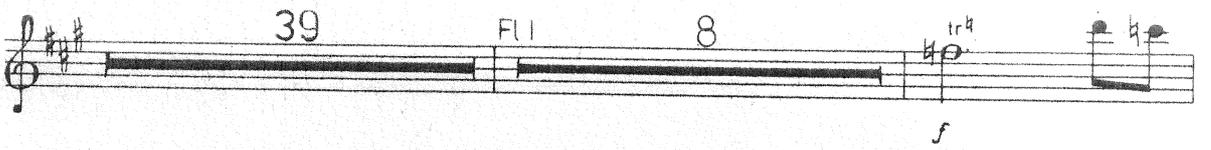
pp



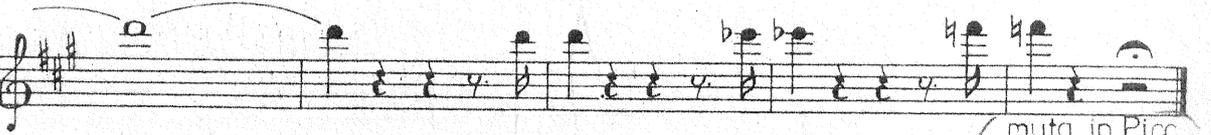
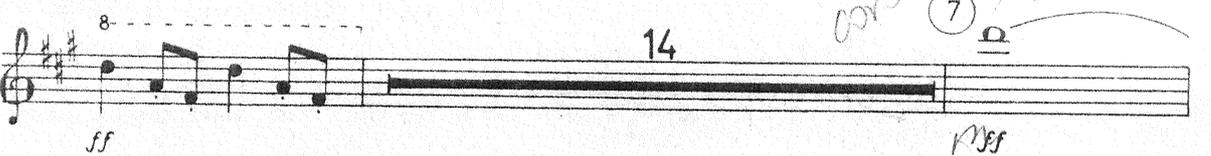
5



6



7



muta in Picc.